

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910455300403321
Autore	Besnier Niko
Titolo	Tuvaluan : a Polynesian language of the Central Pacific / / Niko Besnier
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Routledge, , 2000
ISBN	1-134-97472-8 1-280-33836-9 0-203-02712-4
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (689 p.)
Collana	Descriptive grammars
Disciplina	499/.46
Soggetti	Tuvaluan language - Grammar Polynesian languages - Grammar Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages [647]-655) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Book Cover; Title; Contents; List of tables, maps, and figures; Acknowledgements; Abbreviations and grammaticality conventions; INTRODUCTION; SYNTAX; MORPHOLOGY; PHONOLOGY; IDEOPHONES AND INTERJECTIONS; LEXICON
Sommario/riassunto	Tuvaluan is a Polynesian language spoken by the 9,000 inhabitants of the nine atolls of Tuvalu in the Central Pacific, as well as small and growing Tuvaluan communities in Fiji, New Zealand, and Australia. This grammar is the first detailed description of the structure of Tuvaluan, one of the least well-documented languages of Polynesia. Tuvaluan pays particular attention to discourse and sociolinguistics factors at play in the structural organization of the language.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910137464103321
Autore	Couvreur Patrick
Titolo	Les nanotechnologies peuvent-elles contribuer à traiter des maladies sévères // Patrick Couvreur
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Collège de France, 2010 France : , : Collège de France Fayard, , 2010
ISBN	2-8218-1470-4 2-7226-0098-6
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (60 pages) : digital file(s)
Collana	Lecons inaugurales ; ; 211
Soggetti	Health & Biological Sciences Biomedical Engineering
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Sommario/riassunto	Inaugural lecture delivered on January 21, 2010, Chair of Technological Innovation Liliane Bettencourt (2009-2010). The design of nanotechnologies capable of transporting drugs in the body and releasing them in a specific manner at the level of the site of action makes it possible to increase the therapeutic activity and to reduce the toxicity of many drugs. These "nanovectors" are capable of protecting the active molecule from degradation by the enzymes of the organism, of targeting it selectively towards the target tissue or cell, and of controlling its release. More specific than traditional pharmaceutical formulations, "nanomedicines" make it possible to design new therapeutic strategies in the fight against severe diseases: cancers, intracellular infections, metabolic or neurodegenerative diseases, etc. The Chair of Technological Innovation at the Collège de France was created with the support of the Bettencourt-Schueller Foundation.