1. Record Nr. UNINA9910137177903321 Autore Linoff Gordon S. Titolo Data analysis using SQL and Excel / / Gordon S. Linoff Pubbl/distr/stampa Indianapolis, Indiana:,: Wiley,, 2016 ©2016 **ISBN** 1-119-02144-8 1-119-18341-3 1-119-02145-6 Edizione [Second edition.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (795 p.) Collana THEi Wiley ebooks Disciplina 005.756 Soggetti SQL (Computer program language) Querying (Computer science) Data mining Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Includes index. Data Analysis Using SQL and Excel®: About the Author: Credits: Nota di contenuto Acknowledgments; Contents at a Glance; Contents; Foreword; Introduction; Chapter 1 A Data Miner Looks at SQL; Databases, SQL, and Big Data; What Is Big Data?; Relational Databases; Hadoop and Hive; NoSQL and Other Types of Databases; SQL; Picturing the Structure of the Data; What Is a Data Model?; What Is a Table?; Allowing NULL Values: Column Types: What Is an Entity-Relationship Diagram?: The Zip Code Tables; Subscription Dataset; Purchases Dataset; Tips on Naming Things; Picturing Data Analysis Using Dataflows What Is a Dataflow? READ: Reading a Database Table; OUTPUT: Outputting a Table (or Chart): SELECT: Selecting Various Columns in the Table; FILTER: Filtering Rows Based on a Condition; APPEND: Appending New Calculated Columns; UNION: Combining Multiple Datasets into One; AGGREGATE: Aggregating Values; LOOKUP: Looking Up Values in One Table in Another; CROSS JOIN: Generating the Cartesian Product of

Two Tables; JOIN: Combining Two Tables Using a Key Column; SORT: Ordering the Results of a Dataset; Dataflows, SQL, and Relational

The SELECT Statement A Basic SQL Query; A Basic Summary SQL Query;

Algebra; SQL Queries; What to Do, Not How to Do It

What It Means to Join Tables: Cross-Joins: The Most General Joins: Lookup: A Useful Join: Equijoins: Nonequijoins: Outer Joins: Other Important Capabilities in SQL; UNION ALL; CASE; IN; Window Functions; Subqueries and Common Table Expressions Are Our Friends; Subqueries for Naming Variables; Subqueries for Handling Summaries; Subqueries and IN; Rewriting the "IN" as a JOIN; Correlated Subqueries; NOT IN Operator; EXISTS and NOT EXISTS Operators; Subqueries for UNION ALL; Lessons Learned Chapter 2 What's in a Table? Getting Started with Data Exploration What Is Data Exploration?; Excel for Charting; A Basic Chart: Column Charts; Inserting the Data; Creating the Column Chart; Formatting the Column Chart; Bar Charts in Cells; Character-Based Bar Charts; Conditional Formatting-Based Bar Charts; Useful Variations on the Column Chart; A New Query; Side-by-Side Columns; Stacked Columns; Stacked and Normalized Columns: Number of Orders and Revenue: Other Types of Charts; Line Charts; Area Charts; X-Y Charts (Scatter Plots); Sparklines; What Values Are in the Columns?; Histograms Histograms of Counts Cumulative Histograms of Counts; Histograms (Frequencies) for Numeric Values; Ranges Based on the Number of Digits, Using Numeric Techniques; Ranges Based on the Number of Digits, Using String Techniques: More Refined Ranges: First Digit Plus Number of Digits; Breaking Numeric Values into Equal-Sized Groups; More Values to Explore-Min, Max, and Mode; Minimum and Maximum Values: The Most Common Value (Mode): Calculating Mode Using Basic SQL; Calculating Mode Using Window Functions; Exploring String Values; Histogram of Length; Strings Starting or Ending with Spaces

Handling Upper- and Lowercase