1. Record Nr. UNINA9910136829803321

Titolo	Nuclear EQ Sourcebook and Supplement : A compilation of Documents for Nuclear Equipment Qualification and Supplement / / IEEE
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Place of publication not identified] : , : IEEE, , 1993
ISBN	1-5044-0819-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource
Disciplina	621.48
Soggetti	Nuclear engineering Nuclear energy
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Re-launching one of the most valuable tools for Nuclear design engineers. To ensure that original equipment design is preserved and full regulatory compliance is met, it's vital that you implement the correct set of NRC regulations and guides and industry standards. In short, to do your job efficiently and effectively, you need easy and immediate access to the most complete information on nuclear equipment qualification. This set contains the most complete information on nuclear equipment qualification, including NRC bulletins and notices, federal rules and IEEE EQ standards and recommended practices.

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910645964703321

Titolo	Computational approaches to semantic change / Simon Hengchen, Yang Xu, Nina Tahmasebi, Adam Jatowt, Lars Borin . Volume 6
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Language Science Press, 2021 Berlin : , : Language Science Press, , 2021
ISBN	9783985540082 398554008X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (396 p.)
Collana	Language Variation
Soggetti	Language Arts & Disciplines / Linguistics Language arts
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Semantic change - how the meanings of words change over time - has preoccupied scholars since well before modern linguistics emerged in the late 19th and early 20th century, ushering in a new methodological turn in the study of language change. Compared to changes in sound and grammar, semantic change is the least understood. Ever since, the study of semantic change has progressed steadily, accumulating a vast store of knowledge for over a century, encompassing many languages and language families. Historical linguists also early on realized the potential of computers as research tools, with papers at the very first international conferences in computational linguistics in the 1960s. Such computational studies still tended to be small-scale, method-oriented, and qualitative. However, recent years have witnessed a sea-change in this regard. Big-data empirical quantitative investigations are now coming to the forefront, enabled by enormous advances in storage capability and processing power. Diachronic corpora have grown beyond imagination, defying exploration by traditional manual qualitative methods, and language technology has become increasingly data-driven and semantics-oriented. These developments present a golden opportunity for the empirical study of semantic change over

both long and short time spans.