1. Record Nr. UNINA9910453312503321

Autore	Leene Henk
Titolo	Newness in Old Testament prophecy : an intertextual study / / by Henk Leene
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden : , : BRILL, , [2013] ©2014
ISBN	90-04-26309-8
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (400 p.)
Collana	Oudtestamentische Studien - Old Testament Studies
Disciplina	221.1/5 221.15
Soggetti	Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographies and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front Matter -- Introduction -- ‘Newness’ in the Psalms on Yhwh’s Kingship, Deutero- and Trito-Isaiah -- ‘Newness’ in Ezekiel and Jeremiah -- ‘New’ at the Crossroads of Two Prophetic Traditions -- The New as Scenario and Programme: Conclusion -- Selected Bibliography -- Indexes.
Sommario/riassunto	In Newness in Old Testament Prophecy: An Intertextual Study Henk Leene examines the relations between the new song raised in the Psalms, the new things concealed in Deutero-Isaiah, the new heaven and the new earth announced in Trito-Isaiah, Ezekiel’s new heart and the new spirit, and the envisioned new creation and new covenant in Jeremiah. Where these promises were mainly linked form-critically, Henk Leene assumes their direct literary relations. In what direction does the one promise allude to the other, and how do such allusions draw us into a continuing intertextual dialogue on Israel’s expectations about the future? Most challenging is Leene’s conclusion that Jeremiah’ s promise of the new covenant presumes the newness passages from both Ezekiel and Isaiah.

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910136807303321

Autore	Laura Maggi
Titolo	Cytokines as players of neuronal plasticity and sensitivity to environment in healthy and pathological brain / / Silvia Alboni and Laura Maggi
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Frontiers Media SA, 2016 Switzerland : , : Frontiers Media SA, , 2016
ISBN	9782889197682 (ebook)
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (158 pages) : illustrations
Collana	Frontiers Research Topics
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Sommario/riassunto	It is now accepted that immune molecules are not only present within the brain during pathology but they exert physiological functions in the "healthy" brain as well. Increasing evidence points to a neuro-modulatory role of cytokines and chemokines (CHEMOtactic cytoKINES) in basal transmission and plasticity processes where signaling between peri-synaptic astrocytes, microglia and neurons plays an important role. Nevertheless, the exact mechanisms as to how cytokines, and in particular chemokines, participate in the molecular and cellular processes thought to subserve memory formation, plasticity processes and responsiveness to environmental stimuli remain to be clarified. Interestingly, in in vitro preparations, molecules like TNF-a, interleukin (IL)-1ß, IL-6, CX3CL1, CXCL12, CCL2 and CCL3 are implicated in synaptic formation and scaling, in modulation of glutamatergic transmission, in plasticity and neurogenesis, in particular in the hippocampus. The hippocampus is an extremely plastic structure, one of the main neurogenic niches in the adult brain, that exhibits a marked sensibility to environmental stimuli. Indeed exposure of mice to environmental enrichment (EE) modifies learning and memory abilities increasing neurogenesis and neuronal plasticity whether exposure to severe stressful experiences diminishes neurotrophic

support, impairs neurogenesis, plasticity and cognition. In the hippocampus cytokines play a key role in mediating both positive as well as negative effects of the environment affecting neuronal plasticity also in stress related pathologies, such as depression. It has been reported that mice lacking type 1 receptor for IL-1 display impaired hippocampal memory and LTP that are restored by EE; moreover negative effects on neuronal plasticity (and thus behavior) induced by stress exposure can be prevented by blocking IL-1 activity. In addition, mice lacking IL-6 have improved cognitive functions whereas the absence of microglia-driven CX3CR1 signaling increases hippocampal plasticity and spatial memory occluding the potentiating effects of EE. However, the factors mediating the effect of environmental stimuli on behavior and plasticity has been only partially identified. Interestingly, it has been suggested that chemokines can play a key role in the flexibility of hippocampal structure and may modulate neuronal signaling during behavior. The question is how cytokines may translate environmental stimuli in plasticity and behavioral changes. This research topic is proposed to explore the role of cytokines, and more in particular chemokines, in the modulation of neuronal activity as a fundamental step for the correct brain wiring, function and susceptibility to environment. We encourage the submission of original research reports, review articles, commentaries, perspectives or short communications, in the following (but not limited to) topics: - Role of cytokines and chemokines in neuronal plasticity - Immune molecules and responsiveness to environment - Role of chemokine in the flexibility of hippocampal structure

3. Record Nr. UNINA9910742900803321

Autore	Guaccio, Francesco Maria
Titolo	Compendio delle stregonerie / Francesco Maria Guaccio ; prefazione di Armando Torno
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Milano ; Udine, : Mimesis, 2022
ISBN	978-88-575-8895-7
Descrizione fisica	293 p. : ill. ; 24 cm
Collana	Mimesis. Blu di Prussia ; 1
Disciplina	133.43
Locazione	FSPBC
Collocazione	COLLEZ. 3192 (1)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia