

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910246755403321
Titolo	Scaling propensity of water : new predictive parameters / / M.J.C van Raalte-Drewes [and six others]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London : , : IWA Publishing, , 2004
ISBN	1-78040-256-2
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (31 p.)
Collana	Water and wastewater practitioner series. KIWA Report
Disciplina	541.3416
Soggetti	Water Calcium carbonate Fouling Precipitation (Chemistry) Incrustations
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910136267603321
Titolo	IEEE Std 347-1972 (ANSI S4.6-1973) : IEEE standard method of measuring recorded flux of magnetic sound records at medium wavelengths / / Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Piscataway, New Jersey : , : IEEE, , 1972
ISBN	1-5044-0312-6
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (8 pages)
Disciplina	621.38932
Soggetti	Magnetic recorders and recording Magnetic tapes Sound - Recording and reproducing
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	The knowledge of the recorded signal amplitude on a magnetic record (which may be in the form of a tape, a disc, o a perforated film) has several practical uses: (1) for determining and standardizing references for the levels of audio programs on these magnetic records; (2) for specifying the recording-performance properties of magnetic media (for example, the distortion versus flux, etc); and (3) for measuring and specifying the sensitivity of reproducing heads (and also, by reciprocity, recording heads). The quantity for specifying the recorded signal is the short-circuit magnetic flux, sometimes simply shortened to flux. Several possible methods exist for measuring tape flux, but the measurement given here involves only the use of a calibrated ring-core head which is described in the reference of the standard. Note that the present standard measurement is only for "medium wavelengths".