

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910133129903321
Autore	Flammini Giuseppe
Titolo	Gli Anecdota Graeca di Ludovico Antonio Muratori e l'indagine filologica all'alba del secolo XVIII [[electronic resource] /] / Giuseppe Flammini
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Macerata, : EUM, 2006
ISBN	88-6056-003-9
Edizione	[1. ed.]
Descrizione fisica	263 p
Collana	Filologia
Disciplina	888
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Also contains (p. 173-238) letters between L. A. Muratori (1672-1750) and Antonio Maria Salvini (1653-1729), partly publ. for the first time.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.

2. Record Nr.	UNISA996633969403316
Autore	Enns Charis
Titolo	Settler Ecologies : The Enduring Nature of Settler Colonialism in Kenya / / Brock Bersaglio, Charis Enns
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Toronto : , : University of Toronto Press, , [2024] 2024
ISBN	9781487557980 1487557981
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (232 p.) : 17 b&w illustrations, 2 b&w maps
Disciplina	304.2096762/753
Soggetti	Human ecology - Kenya - Laikipia County Settler colonialism - Environmental aspects - Kenya - Laikipia County Wildlife conservation - Kenya - Laikipia County NATURE / Environmental Conservation & Protection
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Photos -- Maps -- Foreword -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction -- 1 Eliminating -- 2 Rewilding -- 3 Repeopling -- 4 Rescuing -- 5 Scaling -- Conclusion -- Afterword -- References -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	Settler Ecologies tells the story of how settler colonialism becomes memorialized and lives on through ecological relations. Drawing on eight years of research in Laikipia, Kenya, Charis Enns and Brock Bersaglio use immersive methods to reveal how animals and plants can be enrolled in the reproduction of settler colonialism. The book details how ecological relations have been unmade and remade to enable settler colonialism to endure as a structure in this part of Kenya. It describes five modes of violent ecological transformation used to prolong structures of settler colonialism: eliminating undesired wild species; rewilding landscapes with more desirable species to settler ecologists; selectively repeopling wilderness to create seemingly more inclusive wild spaces and capitalize on biocultural diversity; rescuing injured animals and species at risk of extinction to shore up moral support for settler ecologies; and extending settler ecologies through

landscape approaches to conservation that scale wild spaces. *Settler Ecologies* serves as a cautionary tale for future conservation agendas in all settler colonies. While urgent action is needed to halt global biodiversity loss, this book underscores the need to continually question whether the types of nature being preserved advance settler colonial structures or create conditions in which ecologies can otherwise be (re)made and flourish.
