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| Sommario/riassunto | <p>Includes bibliographical references.</p> <p>Les soins domestiques constituent un volet essentiel des systemes ethnomedicaux et les femmes sont, dans la plupart des societes, sinon dans toutes, celles qui developpent, dispensent et transmettent les pratiques et les savoirs qui leurs sont relies. Dans le Quebec francophone des annees 1930-1960, les soins domestiques constituaient la principale ressource therapeutique, avant toute autre forme de recours, notamment medical et religieux. L'article propose de comprendre l'univers des soins domestiques au cours de cette periode comme la pierre angulaire de l'espace therapeutique et comme point de depart de l'itineraire therapeutique. Il propose egalement de situer le genre et la maisonnee comme des concepts clefs devant etre articules a la relecture du concept d'itineraire therapeutique. Sur le plan theorique, l'hypothese tend a demontrer l'importance d'une articulation systematique des univers publics et prives pour saisir la totalite de l'espace therapeutique dans les divers systemes ethnomedicaux. Mots cles : Saillant, soins, ethnomedecine, femmes, vie domestique, anthropologie medicale, Quebec.</p> <p>Domestic care are an essential part of the ethnomedical systems and women, in most societies and probably all of them, develop, use, and transmit those practices and the associated knowledge. During the years 1930-1960 in the Quebec francophone society, domestic care were the main therapeutic resource, among all other possible practices,</p> |

including the medical and the religious spheres. This article deals with the sphere of domestic care during this period as the key feature of the therapeutic arena, and basis of the therapeutic management. Gender and household should be introduced and articulated as key concepts to reformulate the concept of therapeutic management. On the theoretical level, the hypothesis puts emphasis on the systematic articulation of the public and private spheres to analyse the whole therapeutic arena in various ethnomedical systems. Key words : Saillant, care, ethnomedicine, domestic life, anthropological medicine, Quebec.
