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Autore	Beaudet Gérard
Titolo	Profession, urbaniste
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Presses de l'Université de Montréal, 2007 [Place of publication not identified], : Presses de l'Université de Montréal, 2007
ISBN	9782821850705 2821850700 9782760625037 2760625036
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (66 pages)
Collana	Profession
Disciplina	307.1/216023
Soggetti	Sociology & Social History Social Sciences Communities - Urban Groups
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di contenuto	Front Matter -- Introduction -- Naissance et développement de l'urbanisme : jalons -- Devenir urbaniste au Québec -- L'urbanisme et l'université -- Dynamismes, enjeux et défis urbains actuels -- L'urbaniste dans la Cité -- Lectures complémentaires -- Table des matières
Sommario/riassunto	Ayant pour objet la ville et les processus d'urbanisation, l'urbaniste mobilise, pour remplir sa mission, des savoirs et compétences disciplinaires variés (sociologie, économie, génie civil, sciences politiques, architecture urbaine, géographie, sciences de la gestion, etc.). Né en début de deuxième moitié du XIXe siècle dans le sillage des préoccupations hygiénistes et longtemps préoccupé par les questions de croissance, l'urbanisme est aujourd'hui convoqué sur le terrain d'une urbanisation généralisée et du développement durable. Ce qui a toutes les apparences d'un nouveau défi est en même temps un retour aux sources. Face à cette évolution récente des enjeux et des défis, comment et où se situe l'urbaniste québécois ?

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910524691503321
Autore	Henderson Errol Anthony
Titolo	The revolution will not be theorized : cultural revolution in the black power era / / Errol A. Henderson
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Albany : , : State University of New York Press, , 2019 ©2019
ISBN	9781438475448 1438475446
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (516 pages)
Collana	SUNY Series in African American Studies
Disciplina	322.4/20973
Soggetti	African Americans - Politics and government - 20th century African American political activists - History - 20th century Black power - United States - History - 20th century United States Race relations History 20th century
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Ch. 1 Malcolm X and the Revolutionary Turn in the Civil Rights Movement -- ch. 2 Black Nationalism: Civilizationism and Reverse Civilizationism -- ch. 3 The General Strike and the Slave Revolution of the U.S. Civil War -- ch. 4 Cultural Revolution and Cultural Evolution -- ch. 5 Theorizing Cultural Revolution in the Black Power Era -- ch. 6 RAM, Us, the Black Panther Party -- ch. 7 Republic of New Africa, League of Revolutionary Black Workers -- ch. 8 CAP, Shrine of the Black Madonna/Pan-African Orthodox Christian Church.
Sommario/riassunto	The study of the impact of Black Power Movement (BPM) activists and organizations in the 1960s through '70s has largely been confined to their role as proponents of social change; but they were also theorists of the change they sought. In <i>The Revolution Will Not Be Theorized</i> Errol A. Henderson explains this theoretical contribution and places it within a broader social theory of black revolution in the United States dating back to nineteenth-century black intellectuals. These include black nationalists, feminists, and anti-imperialists; activists and artists of the Harlem Renaissance; and early Cold War-era black revolutionists. The book first elaborates W. E. B. Du Bois's thesis of the "General Strike"

during the Civil War, Alain Locke's thesis relating black culture to political and economic change, Harold Cruse's work on black cultural revolution, and Malcolm X's advocacy of black cultural and political revolution in the United States. Henderson then critically examines BPM revolutionists' theorizing regarding cultural and political revolution and the relationship between them in order to realize their revolutionary objectives. Focused more on importing theory from third world contexts that were dramatically different from the United States, BPM revolutionists largely ignored the theoretical template for black revolution most salient to their case, which undermined their ability to theorize a successful black revolution in the United States. This book is freely available in an open access edition thanks to TOME (Toward an Open Monograph Ecosystem)-a collaboration of the Association of American Universities, the Association of University Presses, and the Association of Research Libraries-and the generous support of The Pennsylvania State University. Learn more at the TOME website, available at: openmonographs.org, and access the book online at <http://muse.jhu.edu/book/67098>. It is also available through the SUNY Open Access Repository at <http://hdl.handle.net/20.500.12648/1704>.
