1. Record Nr. UNINA9910132226203321 Autore Goyet Florence Titolo The classic short story, 1870-1925: theory of a genre // Florence Goyet Pubbl/distr/stampa Open Book Publishers Cambridge, England:,: Open Book Publishers,, 2014 ©2014 **ISBN** 1-909254-78-9 2-8218-5407-2 1-909254-77-0 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (210 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Disciplina 801.95 Soggetti Literature - History and criticism - Theory, etc Literature - Philosophy Literary form - History Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record and e-publication (viewed on June 26, 2019). Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Part !: structure --Part II: media --Part III: reader, character and author. Sommario/riassunto The ability to construct a nuanced narrative or complex character in the constrained form of the short story has sometimes been seen as the ultimate test of an author's creativity. Yet during the time when the short story was at its most popular-the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries-even the greatest writers followed strict generic conventions that were far from subtle. This expanded and updated translation of Florence Goyet's influential La Nouvelle. 1870-1925: Description d'un genre a son apogee (Paris, 1993) is the only study to focus exclusively on this classic period across different continents.

> Ranging through French, English, Italian, Russian and Japanese writingparticularly the stories of Guy de Maupassant, Henry James, Giovanni Verga, Anton Chekhov and Akutagawa Ryunosuke-Goyet shows that these authors were able tocreate brilliant and successful short stories

challenging and far-reaching study, Goyet looks at classic short stories

using the very simple 'tools of brevity' of that period. In this

in the context in which they were read at the time: cheap newspapers and higher end periodicills. She demonstrates that, despite the apparent intention of these stories to question bourgeois ideals, they mostly affirmed the prejudices of their readers. In doing so, her book forces us to re-think our preconceptions about this 'forgotten' genre.