

1.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910132030703321
	Autore	Freud Anna <1895-1982.>
	Titolo	Psicanalisi per educatori [[electronic resource]] : una introduzione / / Anna Freud ; traduzione e nota introduttiva a cura di Anna Aluffi Pentini
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Roma, : Armando, 2006
	ISBN	88-8358-741-3
	Descrizione fisica	111 p
	Collana	Collana medico-psico-pedagogica
	Disciplina	150
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2.	Record Nr.	UNISA996465626003316
	Autore	Thielscher Michael
	Titolo	Challenges for Action Theories [[electronic resource] /] / by Michael Thielscher
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Heidelberg : , : Springer Berlin Heidelberg : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2000
	ISBN	3-540-45596-5
	Edizione	[1st ed. 2000.]
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XIV, 146 p.)
	Collana	Lecture Notes in Artificial Intelligence ; ; 1775
	Disciplina	004.2/1
	Soggetti	Artificial intelligence Mathematical logic Artificial Intelligence Mathematical Logic and Formal Languages Mathematical Logic and Foundations
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.

Nota di contenuto

Foundations of Action Theories -- The Ramification Problem -- The Qualification Problem -- Qualified Ramifications.

Sommario/riassunto

A logic-based approach to the design of computing systems would, undoubtedly, offer many advantages over the imperative paradigm most commonly applied so far for programming and hardware design and, consequently, logic, again and again, has been heralded as the basis for the next generation of computer systems. While logic and formal methods are indeed gaining ground in many areas of computer science and artificial intelligence the expected revolution has not yet happened. In this book the author offers a convincing solution to the ramification problem and qualification problem associated with the frame problem and thus contributes to a satisfactory solution of the core problem and related challenges. Thielscher bases his approach on the fluent calculus, a first-order Prolog-like formalism allowing for the description of actions and change.
