

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910130882103321
Titolo	Silicon carbide . Volume 1 Growth, defects, and novel applications [[electronic resource] /] / edited by Peter Friedrichs ... [et al.]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Weinheim, Germany, : Wiley-WCH, c2010
ISBN	1-283-37037-9 9786613370372 3-527-62906-8 3-527-62905-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (530 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	FriedrichsPeter
Disciplina	621.38152
Soggetti	Silicon carbide Semiconductors Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Silicon Carbide: Volume 1: Growth, Defects, and Novel Applications; Contents; Preface; List of Contributors; Volume 1 Silicon Carbide: Growth, Defects, and Novel Applications; Part A Growth of SiC; 1 Bulk growth of SiC - review on advances of SiC vapor growth for improved doping and systematic study on dislocation evolution; 1.1 Introduction; 1.2 Experiments; 1.3 Results and discussions; 1.4 Spatial distribution of dislocations in SiC; 1.5 Conclusions; References; 2 Bulk and epitaxial growth of micropipe-free silicon carbide on basal and rhombohedral plane seeds; 2.1 Introduction 2.2 Search for stable rhombohedral facets in 6H- and 4H-SiC2.3 PVT growth of bulk 6H- and 4H-SiC on rhombohedral (011n) facets; 2.4 Homoepitaxial Liquid Phase Epitaxy growth on basal and rhombohedral plane seeds; 2.5 Conclusions; References; 3 Formation of extended defects in 4H-SiC epitaxial growth and development of a fast growth technique; 3.1 Introduction; 3.2 Experimental; 3.3 Formation of extended defects in 4H-SiC epitaxial growth; 3.4 Fast epitaxial growth of 4H-SiC; 3.5 Conclusions; References; 4 Fabrication of high performance 3C-SiC vertical MOSFETs by reducing planar defects

4.1 Introduction; 4.2 Reduction of planar defects in 3C-SiC; 4.3 Performance of vertical MOSFETs; 4.4 Conclusions; References; Part B Characterization of Defects and Material Properties; 5 Identification of intrinsic defects in SiC: Towards an understanding of defect aggregates by combining theoretical and experimental approaches; 5.1 Introduction; 5.2 Assessing the identity of defects in SiC; 5.3 Vacancy-related defects; 5.4 Vacancy aggregation and its consequences; 5.5 Carbon interstitial-related defects and high-frequency vibrations; 5.6 The carbon aggregation and its implications; 5.7 Summary and outlook; References; 6 EPR identification of intrinsic defects in SiC; 6.1 Introduction; 6.2 Isolated vacancy; 6.3 Pulsed ELDOR of TV2a: Observation of missing central line; 6.4 Divacancy; 6.5 Antisites and antisite-vacancy pairs; 6.6 Conclusion; References; 7 Electrical and topographical characterization of aluminum implanted layers in 4H silicon carbide; 7.1 Introduction; 7.2 Experimental; 7.3 Electrical characterization; 7.4 Topographical characterization; 7.5 Summary; References; 8 Optical properties of as-grown and process-induced stacking faults in 4H-SiC; 8.1 Introduction; 8.2 Structural aspects; 8.3 Imaging techniques; 8.4 Optical SFs signature; 8.5 More realistic type-II QW model; 8.6 Transfer matrix method; 8.7 Focussing on a single QW; 8.8 Conclusions; References; 9 Characterization of defects in silicon carbide by Raman spectroscopy; 9.1 Introduction; 9.2 Experimental setup; 9.3 Polytype conversion in 3C-SiC grown by chemical vapor deposition; 9.4 Electronic Raman studies of shallow donors in silicon carbide; 9.5 Graphene layers on SiC-surfaces; 9.6 Summary; References; 10 Lifetime-killing defects in 4H-SiC epilayers and lifetime control by low-energy electron irradiation

Sommario/riassunto

This book prestigiously covers our current understanding of SiC as a semiconductor material in electronics. Its physical properties make it more promising for high-powered devices than silicon. The volume is devoted to the material and covers methods of epitaxial and bulk growth. Identification and characterization of defects is discussed in detail. The contributions help the reader to develop a deeper understanding of defects by combining theoretical and experimental approaches. Apart from applications in power electronics, sensors, and NEMS, SiC has recently gained new interest as a s
