

1. Record Nr.	UNISA990003502560203316
Autore	Società italiana di chirurgia toracica
Titolo	Relazione 1: Stato attuale della chirurgia del mediastino. Simposio : Taormina, 31 maggio-3 giugno 1978 / a cura del segretario prof. Pasquale Abruzzini
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Roma : Ed. La chirurgia toracica, 1978
Descrizione fisica	270 p. : ill. ; 24 cm
Disciplina	617
Soggetti	Chirurgia - Torace - Atti di congressi - Taormina - 1978
Collocazione	FDC 290/30
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	In testa al front.: Società italiana di chirurgia toracica

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910130831203321
Autore	Jensen Jens Fog
Titolo	The Stone Age of Qeqertarsuup Tunua (Disko Bugt) : a regional analysis of the Saqqaq and Dorset cultures of Central West Greenland / / Jens Fog Jensen
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Copenhagen, Denmark : , : Museum Tusculanum Press, , 2009 ©2006
ISBN	9788763530682
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (272 pages) : illustrations, maps, portraits; digital, PDF file(s)
Collana	Meddelelser om Grønland. Man & Society, , 0106-1062 ; ; volume 336 (32)
Disciplina	998.2
Soggetti	Excavations (Archaeology) - Greenland - Disko Bay Saqqaq culture Dorset culture - Greenland - Disko Bay
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Sommario/riassunto	Saqqaq and Dorset sites excavated by the author in the southern part of Qeqertarsuup Tunua (Disko Bugt) form the empirical basis for a comparison of Saqqaq and Dorset settlement in the area. Earlier reconstructions of the cultural history were based mainly on observations of stratified middens. In contrast to this, the present work focuses on the horizontal dimension within the archaeological record. As a consequence, settlement patterns, dwelling types and the spatial organisation of dwellings are the principal objectives. Saqqaq and Dorset settlement patterns are broadly similar and it is concluded that there is little evidence to suggest any major difference in economy or adaptation between the two periods. Both Saqqaq and Dorset settlement patterns are characterised by a number of large settlements located strategically near the most productive biotopes. Minor settlements, most often occupied during the warm season, are found within the catchment area, indicating annual recurring dispersal of the population during the warmer months. Only Sydostbugten, in Southeastern Qeqertarsuup Tunua, appears to exhibit significant

differences between Saqqaq and Dorset settlement patterns. Large Dorset settlements have not been found in Sydostbugten and it is suggested that this area, probably due to climatic oscillations, was less attractive for settlement during the Dorset period than it was in the Saqqaq. Consequently, the Dorset people seem only to have utilised Sydostbugten for specialised seasonal camps. Saqqaq and Dorset accommodation comprises distinct summer and winter dwellings. During both periods, the summer dwellings are characterised by what are believed to be single family tents. These occur in two principal varieties: Tent rings, with a central hearth, and mid-passage tent rings, where the interior is divided in two by parallel lines of stones. This difference in architecture is suggested to result from variation in the social composition of the inhabitants. Winter dwellings of both the Saqqaq and Dorset cultures are characterised by more solidly built structures. In the Saqqaq culture there are platform dwellings and mid-passage structures filled with fire-cracked rocks. During the Dorset, the winter dwellings are characterised by double-platform dwellings, in which a central floor area divides the interior into two platforms that are often paved. The presence of more than one hearth or lamp stand, as well as mirrored distributions of the most frequent tool categories to the left and right of the central floor area, is interpreted as a result of these dwellings being occupied by two families. Chapter 7 focuses on Saqqaq raw material distribution from killiaq sources in the vicinity of Qaarsut and Angissat. The raw material distribution from these two sources is characterised as a regional and local system. The procurement and subsequent distribution of raw materials from Angissat in Southern Qeqertarsuup Tunua appears thus to have been imbedded in the local resource exploitation. Much of the raw material extraction appears to have been carried out by hunting parties visiting the outcrop during summer hunting trips. In contrast to this, Qaarsut at Nuussuaq shows evidence of a more comprehensive production of preforms, which were distributed throughout Western Greenland. Economically as well as socially, there appear to be numerous similarities between the Saqqaq and Dorset cultures. However, when evaluating the radiocarbon dates, there appears to be discontinuity between the two periods as is also suggested by earlier excavations of stratified deposits. In Sisimiut District, to the south of Qeqertarsuup Tunua, the latest Saqqaq dates overlap with the oldest Dorset dates. Theoretically, there could be continuity between the two periods outside Qeqertarsuup Tunua, however the archaeological evidence for such a development has yet to be found. When the cultural history of Qeqertarsuup Tunua is compared with that of Peary Land, the dwelling types and chronological units appear very similar. In the case of Dorset and Independence II, the similarities also extend to include the lithic inventory. As a consequence it is difficult to maintain a division between Dorset in Western and Southern Greenland and Independence II in the High Arctic.

3. Record Nr.	UNIORUON00190336
Autore	CLARK, J.C.D.
Titolo	The Language of liberty 1660-1832 : political discourse and social dynamics in the Anglo-American world. / J.C.D. Clark
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge, : Cambridge University Press, 1994. XVIII, 404 p. ; 23 cm.
ISBN	05-214-4510-8
Soggetti	GRAN BRETAGNA - Storia politica - Sec. 17.-19 STATI UNITI - Storia - Rivoluzione 1775-1783
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia