

1. Record Nr.	UNINA990004654580403321
Titolo	Rätisches Namenbuch : hrsg. von der Stiftung von Schnyder von wartensee / Robert von Planta und Andrea Schorta ; mit Unterstützung des Kantons Graubünden under Familie v. Planta
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Paris ; Zurich : Droz, 1939
Descrizione fisica	v. ; 26 cm
Collana	Romanica helvetica ; 8 ; 63
Disciplina	459.9
Locazione	FLFBC
Collocazione	YF 3 8 2/VII F 8 CONT.62(8) CONT.62(101) CONT.62(63) 459.9 PLA 1(1)
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Livello bibliografico	Monografia
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2.	<b>Record Nr.</b>	UNINA990008333670403321
	<b>Autore</b>	Napoli
	<b>Titolo</b>	Comune di Napoli : bilancio di mandato della Giunta Iervolino : 2001-2006
	<b>Pubbl/distr/stampa</b>	[S.l. : s.n.], stampa 2006 ( (Napoli) : Cangiano grafica
	<b>Descrizione fisica</b>	238 p. ; 24 cm + CD
	<b>Locazione</b>	DARST
	<b>Collocazione</b>	03.803
	<b>Lingua di pubblicazione</b>	Italiano
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3.	<b>Record Nr.</b>	UNINA9910466338003321
	<b>Autore</b>	Mendelson Anne
	<b>Titolo</b>	Chow chop suey : food and the Chinese American journey // Anne Mendelson
	<b>Pubbl/distr/stampa</b>	New York : , : Columbia University Press, , [2016] ©2016
	<b>ISBN</b>	0-231-54129-5
	<b>Descrizione fisica</b>	1 online resource (353 pages)
	<b>Collana</b>	Arts and traditions of the table : perspectives on culinary history
	<b>Disciplina</b>	641.5951
	<b>Soggetti</b>	Cooking, Chinese - History Chinese Americans - Food - History Food habits - United States Emigration and immigration - United States - History Chinese American families - History Electronic books.
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Nota di bibliografia

Includes bibliographical references and index.

Nota di contenuto

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Sommario/riassunto

Chinese food first became popular in America under the shadow of violence against Chinese aliens, a despised racial minority ineligible for United States citizenship. The founding of late-nineteenth-century "chop suey" restaurants that pitched an altered version of Cantonese cuisine to white patrons despite a virulently anti-Chinese climate is one of several pivotal events in Anne Mendelson's thoughtful history of American Chinese food. Chow Chop Suey uses cooking to trace different stages of the Chinese community's footing in the larger white society. Mendelson begins with the arrival of men from the poorest district of Canton Province during the Gold Rush. She describes the formation of American Chinatowns and examines the curious racial dynamic underlying the purposeful invention of hybridized Chinese American food, historically prepared by Cantonese-descended cooks for whites incapable of grasping Chinese culinary principles. Mendelson then follows the eventual abolition of anti-Chinese immigration laws and the many demographic changes that transformed the face of Chinese cooking in America during and after the Cold War. Mendelson concludes with the post-1965 arrival of Chinese immigrants from Taiwan, Southeast Asia, and many regions of mainland China. As she shows, they have immeasurably enriched Chinese cooking in America but tend to form comparatively self-sufficient enclaves in which they, unlike their predecessors, are not dependent on cooking for a white clientele.