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Paradigm

7.2 The Effect of Similarity on the Distributed Associative

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8.2 The Delta Rule and Linear Dependency; Chapter 9:The Perceptron;

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Chapter 10:The Rosenblatt Program; 10.1 Introduction; 10.2 Installing

the Program; 10.3 Training a Perceptron; 10.4 Testing What the

Memory Has Learned; Chapter 11:Perceptrons and Logic Gates; 11.1

Introduction; 11.2 Boolean Algebra

11.3 Perceptrons and Two-Valued AlgebraChapter 12:Performing More

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Separability and Its Implications; 13.2 Value Units and the Exclusive-Or

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14.2 Value Units and the Two-Valued Algebra; Chapter 15:Perceptrons

and Generalization; 15.1 Background

15.2 Generalization and Savings for the 9-Majority ProblemChapter 16:

Animal Learning Theory and Perceptrons; 16.1 Discrimination Learning;

16.2 Linearly Separable Versions of Patterning; Chapter 17:The

Multilayer Perceptron; 17.1 Creating Sequences of Logical Operations;

17.2 Multilayer Perceptrons and the Credit Assignment Problem; 17.3

The Implications of the Generalized Delta Rule; Chapter 18:The

Rumelhart Program; 18.1 Introduction; 18.2 Installing the Program;

18.3 Training a Multilayer Perceptron; 18.4 Testing What the Network

Has Learned; Chapter 19:Beyond the Perceptron 's Limits

19.1 Introduction

Sommario/riassunto

Connectionism is a "hands on" introduction to connectionist modeling through practical exercises in different types of connectionist architectures. explores three different types of connectionist architectures - distributed associative memory, perceptron, and multilayer perceptron provides a brief overview of each architecture, a detailed introduction on how to use a program to explore this network, and a series of practical exercises that are designed to highlight the advantages, and disadvantages, of each accompanied by a website at <http://www.bcp.psych.ualbert>
