

1. Record Nr.	UNINA990006831670403321
Titolo	Fonti per lo studio delle istituzioni di diritto pubblico / a cura di Stefano Grassi e Marcello Cecchetti
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Padova : Cedam, 1996
ISBN	88-13-19533-8
Descrizione fisica	352 p. ; 24 cm
Disciplina	342.450 263 8
Locazione	FSPBC DDCIC FGBC
Collocazione	I A 140 I 26-7d I 26-7e I Z 141
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Appendice normativa al manuale di Paolo Barile, Enzo Cheli, Stefano Grassi, Istituzioni di diritto pubblico, 7. ed.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910788410403321
Autore	Kpodar Kangni
Titolo	Distributional Effects of Oil Price Changes on Household Expenditures : : Evidence From Mali / / Kangni Kpodar
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2006
ISBN	1-4623-0339-0 1-4527-0978-5 1-283-51338-2 9786613825834 1-4519-0886-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (33 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Soggetti	Cost and standard of living - Economic aspects - Mali Petroleum industry and trade - Subsidies - Mali Petroleum products - Economic aspects - Mali - Econometric models Investments: Energy Inflation Macroeconomics Public Finance General Equilibrium and Disequilibrium: Input-Output Tables and Analysis Energy: Demand and Supply Prices Price Level Deflation Energy: General National Government Expenditures and Related Policies: General Investment & securities Public finance & taxation Energy industries & utilities Oil prices Oil Expenditure Energy subsidies Commodities Petroleum industry and trade Expenditures, Public Mali

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"March 2006."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	""Contents""; ""I. INTRODUCTION""; ""II. HOW DOMESTIC OIL PRICES ARE LINKED TO INTERNATIONAL OIL PRICES CHANGES""; ""III. THE CONSEQUENCES OF RISING OIL PRICES FOR HOUSEHOLDS""; ""IV. RESULTS""; ""V. CONCLUSION AND POLICY IMPLICATIONS""
Sommario/riassunto	Using an input-output approach, this paper assesses the distributional effects of a rise in various petroleum product prices in Mali. The results show that, although rising gasoline and diesel prices affect mainly nonpoor households, rising kerosene prices are most harmful to the poor. Overall, the impact of fuel prices on household budgets displays a U-shaped relationship with expenditure per capita. Regardless of the oil product considered, highincome households would benefit disproportionately from oil price subsidies. This suggests that a petroleum price subsidy is an ineffective mechanism for protecting the income of poor households compared with a targeted subsidy.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA990009045110403321
Titolo	Revue économique du Sud-Ouest
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Bordeaux, : Biere
ISSN	0395-9007
Disciplina	330.1
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Periodico