

1. Record Nr.	UNINA990006350780403321
Autore	Dias, Francesco
Titolo	Corso completo di Diritto amministrativo ovvero esposizione delle leggi relative all'amministrazione civile ed al contenzioso amministrativo del Regno delle Due Sicilie / FrancescoDias.
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Napoli : Tip. dell'Ariosto, 1843
Edizione	[2. ed. -]
Descrizione fisica	961 p. ; 24 cm
Disciplina	342.06
Locazione	FGBC
Collocazione	VI B 168
Lingua di pubblicazione	Non definito
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNISALENTO991004012749707536
Autore	Blaug, Mark
Titolo	Pre-Classical economists / edited by Mark Blaug
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Aldershot : Elgar publishing, c1991
ISBN	185278470 1852784687 1852784695
Descrizione fisica	3 v. ; 25 cm.
Collana	Pioneers in economics ; 6,7,8
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	1: Charles Davenant (1656-1714) and William Petty (1623-1678); 2: Pierre le Pesant Boisguilbert (1645-1714), George Berkley (1685-1753), Baron de Montesquieu (1689-1755), Ferdinando Galiani (1727-1787), James Anderson (1739-1808), Dugald Stewart (1753-1828); 3: John Law (1671-1729) and Bernard Mandeville (1660-1733)

3. Record Nr.	UNISALENTO991001872919707536
Autore	Giuman, Marco, 1967-
Titolo	Il fuso rovesciato : fenomenologia dell'amazzone tra archeologia, mito e storia nell'Atene del VI e del V secolo a. C. / Marco Giuman
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Napoli : Loffredo, c2005
ISBN	8875641145
Descrizione fisica	407 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.
Collana	Quaderni di ostraka ; 10
Soggetti	Amazzoni - Archeologia Amazzoni - Grecia - Atene Atene (Grecia) Antichità
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Contiene bibliografia: pp. [383]-404

4. Record Nr.	UNINA9910788420603321
Titolo	Universal grammar in the reconstruction of ancient languages [[electronic resource] /] / edited by Katalin E. Kiss
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin ; ; New York, : Mouton de Gruyter, c2005
ISBN	3-11-090222-2
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (532 p.)
Collana	Studies in generative grammar ; ; 83
Altri autori (Persone)	KissKatalin E
Disciplina	415
Soggetti	Grammar, Comparative and general Extinct languages
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Introduction / Kiss, Katalin É. -- The correlation between word order alternations, grammatical agreement and event semantics in Older Egyptian / Reintges, Chris H. -- The nominal cleft construction in Coptic Egyptian / Reintges, Chris H. / Lipták, Anikó / Cheng, Lisa Lai Shen -- Genitive constructions in Coptic / Egedi, Barbara -- Left-dislocated possessors in Sumerian / Zólyomi, Gábor -- Complex predicate structure and pluralised events in Akkadian / Huber, Christian -- VSO and left-conjunct agreement: Biblical Hebrew vs. Modern Hebrew / Doron, Edit -- IE *weid- as a root with dual subcategorization features in the Homeric poems / Bartolotta, Annamaria -- The syntax of Classical Greek infinitive / Spyropoulos, Vassilios -- Latin object and subject infinitive clauses / Melazzo, Lucio -- Latin word order in generative perspective: An explanatory proposal within the sentence domain / Polo, Chiara -- Some firm points on Latin word order: The left periphery / Salvi, Giampaolo -- Classical Sanskrit, "wild trees", and the properties of free word order languages / Gillon, Brendan / Shaer, Benjamin -- A particular coordination structure of Indo-European flavour / Lanzetta, Emanuele / Melazzo, Lucio -- Index -- List of contributors
Sommario/riassunto	Philologists aiming to reconstruct the grammar of ancient languages face the problem that the available data always underdetermine grammar, and in the case of gaps, possible mistakes, and idiosyncracies there are no native speakers to consult. The authors of

this volume overcome this difficulty by adopting the methodology that a child uses in the course of language acquisition: they interpret the data they have access to in terms of Universal Grammar (more precisely, in terms of a hypothetical model of UG). Their studies, discussing syntactic and morphosyntactic questions of Older Egyptian, Coptic, Sumerian, Akkadian, Biblical Hebrew, Classical Greek, Latin, and Classical Sanskrit, demonstrate that descriptive problems which have proved unsolvable for the traditional, inductive approach can be reduced to the interaction of regular operations and constraints of UG. The proposed analyses also bear on linguistic theory. They provide crucial new data and new generalizations concerning such basic questions of generative syntax as discourse-motivated movement operations, the correlation of movement and agreement, a shift from lexical case marking to structural case marking, the licensing of structural case in infinitival constructions, the structure of coordinate phrases, possessive constructions with an external possessor, and the role of event structure in syntax. In addition to confirming or refuting certain specific hypotheses, they also provide empirical evidence of the perhaps most basic tenet of generative theory, according to which UG is part of the genetic endowment of the human species - i.e., human languages do not "develop" parallel with the development of human civilization. Some of the languages examined in this volume were spoken as much as 5000 years old, still their grammars do not differ in any relevant respect from the grammars of languages spoken today.
