

1. Record Nr.	UNINA990004268240403321
Autore	Moers, Ellen
Titolo	Literary women / Ellen Moers ; with an introduction by Helen Taylor
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London : The Women's press, 1986
ISBN	0-7043-3825-4
Descrizione fisica	XIV, 336 p. ; 20 cm
Disciplina	809.89287
Locazione	FLFBC
Collocazione	809.89287 MOE 1
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910484963303321
Autore	Eikermann Anja
Titolo	Forests in International Law : Is There Really a Need for an International Forest Convention? // by Anja Eikermann
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2015
ISBN	3-319-14950-4
Edizione	[1st ed. 2015.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (204 p.)
Disciplina	340 344.046 344046 36370561 634.92
Soggetti	Environmental law, International Environmental law Environmental policy Forest management International Environmental Law Environmental Law/Policy/Ecojustice Forestry Management

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters.
Nota di contenuto	State of Research and Structure of the Book -- The Case for International Forest Regulation – The Benefits and Challenges of the Multifunctional Concept of Forests -- Agenda-Setting and Institution Building for Forests – Entangled Structures and the Failure of Legalization -- The Treaty Canopy – General, International Environmental and International Economic Law Covering Forests -- The Options for an International Regulation of Forests -- Conclusions -- Summary.
Sommario/riassunto	This book investigates the potential need for an international convention on forests and establishes a multifunctional concept of forests as a cornerstone for international forest regulation. Accordingly, it examines a variety of international instruments pertaining directly or indirectly to forests and explores their entangled, fragmented nature. While contending that the lack of consistency in international law impedes the development of a stand-alone international forest convention, at the same time it argues that the lessons learned from fragmentation as well as from the history of forest discourse on the international level open up new options for the regulation of forests in international law, based on (new) concepts of coordination and cooperation.