

1. Record Nr.	UNINA990004092970403321
Autore	D'Ancona, Alessandro <1835-1914>
Titolo	Origini del teatro italiano / Alessandro D'Ancona : libri tre con due appendici sulla rappresentazione drammatica del contado toscano e sul teatro mantovano nel sec. XVI
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Roma : Bardi, 1971
Descrizione fisica	2 v. ; 25 cm
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Locazione	FLFBC
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Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	In custodia

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910971391703321
Titolo	Other people's money : debt denomination and financial instability in emerging market economies / / edited by Barry Eichengreen and Ricardo Hausmann
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Chicago, : University of Chicago Press, 2005
ISBN	9786612584688 9781282584686 1282584685 9780226194578 0226194574
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (306 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	EichengreenBarry J HausmannRicardo
Disciplina	332/.042/091724
Soggetti	Capital movements - Developing countries Debts, External - Developing countries Finance - Developing countries Monetary policy - Developing countries
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	The pain of original sin -- Must original sin cause macroeconomic damnation? -- A fiscal perspective on currency crises and "original sin" -- Original sin, balance-sheet crises, and the roles of international lending -- How original sin was overcome : the evolution of external debt denominated in domestic currencies in the United States and the British dominions, 1800-2000 -- Old sins : exchange clauses and European foreign lending in the nineteenth century -- Why do emerging economies borrow in foreign currency? -- Why do countries borrow the way they borrow? -- The mystery of original sin -- Original sin : the road to redemption.
Sommario/riassunto	Recent crises in emerging markets have been heavily driven by balance-sheet or net-worth effects. Episodes in countries as far-flung as Indonesia and Argentina have shown that exchange rate adjustments

that would normally help to restore balance can be destabilizing, even catastrophic, for countries whose debts are denominated in foreign currencies. Many economists instinctually assume that developing countries allow their foreign debts to be denominated in dollars, yen, or euros because they simply don't know better. Presenting evidence that even emerging markets with strong policies and institutions experience this problem, Other People's Money recognizes that the situation must be attributed to more than ignorance. Instead, the contributors suggest that the problem is linked to the operation of international financial markets, which prevent countries from borrowing in their own currencies. A comprehensive analysis of the sources of this problem and its consequences, Other People's Money takes the study one step further, proposing a solution that would involve having the World Bank and regional development banks themselves borrow and lend in emerging market currencies.
