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| 1. Record Nr. | UNINA990003904930403321 |
| Autore | Shackle, George Lennox Sharman <1903- > |
| Titolo | Business, time and thought / selected papers of G.L.S. Shackle ; edited by Stephen F.Frowen. |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | London : Macmillan, 1988 |
| ISBN | 0-333-39481-X |
| Descrizione fisica | XIII, 255 p. ; 21 cm |
| Disciplina | B/1.0 D/0 330.1 |
| Locazione | DECTS SE S FGBC FSPBC DTE |
| Collocazione | A01.104 D/0 SHA XV E4 24 VI A 764 COL ES 1297 |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |

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| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910968697503321 |
| Autore | Klemm Stephan |
| Titolo | Interactions between the craniomandibular system and cervical spine : the influence of an unilateral change of occlusion on the upper cervical range of motion // Stephan Klemm |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Hamburg [Germany], : Diplomica Verlag, 2008 |
| ISBN | 9783836612029 383661202X |
| Edizione | [1st ed.] |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (98 p.) |
| Disciplina | 616.73 617.4 617.4/71 617.471 |
| Soggetti | Spine - Diseases Joints - Range of motion Temporomandibular joint - Diseases |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Cover title. |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references. |
| Nota di contenuto | Interactions between the Craniomandibular System and Cervical Spine The influence of an unilateral change of occlusion on the upper cervical range of motion; I Acknowledgement; Table of Contents; III Abstract; 1. Introduction; 2. Theoretical background; 3. Empirical section; 4. Aims of the current study and hypotheses; 5. Material and methods; 6. Results and interpretation; 7. Discussion; 8. Conclusions; 9. References; Appendix |
| Sommario/riassunto | This prospective, randomized, double-blind investigation evaluated the influence of a short-time artificial change of occlusion to the upper cervical spine mobility. Twenty 14-19 aged female dancers were investigated in a cross-over-design on head movement rotation in anteflexion with a three-dimensional ultrasonic measurement device, the Zebris 3D Motion Analyzer (CMS 70 P). A change of the occlusion was produced by positioning a 0.75mm foil of tin between premolar and first molar of the right side. Towards the current theory of convergence of cervical and trigeminal nerves the change of occl |

