

1. Record Nr.	UNINA990001759880403321
Autore	Redhead, Scott A.
Titolo	The genus <i>Strobilurus</i> (Agaricales in Canada with notes on extralimital species) / Scott A. Redhead
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ottawa : [s.n.], 1980
Descrizione fisica	p. 68-83 ; 26 cm
Disciplina	581
Locazione	FAGBC
Collocazione	60 OP. 125/12
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Estr. da: Canadian Journal of botany, 58(1), 1980).
2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910829131303321
Autore	Ritchey Sara Margaret
Titolo	Holy matter : changing perceptions of the material world in late medieval Christianity / / Sara Ritchey
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ithaca, New York : , : Cornell University Press, , 2014 ©2014
ISBN	0-8014-7094-3 0-8014-7095-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (248 p.)
Disciplina	231.709/02
Soggetti	Natural theology - History of doctrines - Middle Ages, 600-1500 Spiritual life - Christianity - History of doctrines - Middle Ages, 600-1500 Nature - Religious aspects - Catholic Church - History of doctrines - Middle Ages, 600-1500 Theology, Doctrinal - History - Middle Ages, 600-1500
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction -- 1. The Mirror of Holy Virginity -- 2. Viriditas and Virginitas -- 3. Clare of Assisi and the Tree of Crucifixion -- 4. The Franciscan Bough -- 5. An Estranged Wilderness -- Conclusion -- Bibliography -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	<p>A magnificent proliferation of new Christ-centered devotional practices-including affective meditation, imitative suffering, crusade, Eucharistic cults and miracles, passion drama, and liturgical performance-reveals profound changes in the Western Christian temperament of the twelfth century and beyond. This change has often been attributed by scholars to an increasing emphasis on God's embodiment in the incarnation and crucifixion of Christ. In <i>Holy Matter</i>, Sara Ritchey offers a fresh narrative explaining theological and devotional change by journeying beyond the human body to ask how religious men and women understood the effects of God's incarnation on the natural, material world. She finds a remarkable willingness on the part of medieval Christians to embrace the material world-its trees, flowers, vines, its worms and wolves-as a locus for divine encounter. Early signs that perceptions of the material world were shifting can be seen in reformed communities of religious women in the twelfth-century Rhineland. Here Ritchey finds that, in response to the constraints of gendered regulations and spiritual ideals, women created new identities as virgins who, like the mother of Christ, impelled the world's re-creation-their notion of the world's re-creation held that God created the world a second time when Christ was born. In this second act of creation God was seen to be present in the physical world, thus making matter holy. Ritchey then traces the diffusion of this new religious doctrine beyond the Rhineland, showing the profound impact it had on both women and men in professed religious life, especially Franciscans in Italy and Carthusians in England. Drawing on a wide range of sources including art, liturgy, prayer, poetry, meditative guides, and treatises of spiritual instruction, <i>Holy Matter</i> reveals an important transformation in late medieval devotional practice, a shift from metaphor to material, from gazing on images of a God made visible in the splendor of natural beauty to looking at the natural world itself, and finding there God's presence and promise of salvation.</p>