

1. Record Nr.	UNINA990009619490403321
Autore	Brower, Benjamin Claude
Titolo	A desert named peace : the violence of France's empire in the Algerian Sahara, 1844-1902 / Benjamin Claude Brower
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York : Columbia University Press, 2011
ISBN	978-0-231-15493-2
Descrizione fisica	XV, 417 p. : ill. ; 24 cm
Collana	History and society of the modern middle east
Disciplina	965.03
Locazione	FSPBC
Collocazione	XIV E 4290
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNINA990001051320403321
Autore	Forman, Paul
Titolo	National Military Establishments and the Advancement of Science and Technology : Studies in 20th Century History / Edited by Paul Forman and José M. Sanchez-Ron
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Dordrecht (NL) : Kluwer, 1996
ISBN	0-7923-3541-4
Collana	Boston studies in the philosophy of science ; 180
Disciplina	501
Locazione	FI1
Collocazione	4-012.179
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910461224003321
Autore	Russell James A (James Avery), <1958->
Titolo	Innovation, transformation, and war : counterinsurgency operations in Anbar and Ninewa, Iraq, 2005-2007 // James A. Russell
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Stanford, California : , : Stanford Security Studies, , [2011] ©2011
ISBN	0-8047-7748-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (491 p.)
Disciplina	956.7044/342
Soggetti	Counterinsurgency - Iraq - Anbar (Province) Counterinsurgency - Iraq - Ninawa Tactics Iraq War, 2003-2011 Electronic books. United States Armed Forces Iraq
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Theories of military innovation -- Wartime innovation in western Anbar, Fall 05-Summer 06 -- Wartime innovation in Anbar : the battle for Ramadi, July 2005-March 2007 -- Wartime innovation in Ninewa Province : COIN operations in northern Iraq, September 2005-July 2006.
Sommario/riassunto	Within a year of President George W. Bush announcing the end of major combat operations in Iraq in May 2003, dozens of attacks by insurgents had claimed hundreds of civilian and military lives. Through 2004 and 2005, accounts from returning veterans presaged an unfolding strategic debacle—potentially made worse by U.S. tactics being focused on extending conventionally oriented military operations rather than on adapting to the insurgency. By 2007, however, a sea change had taken place, and some U.S. units were integrating counterinsurgency tactics and full-spectrum operations to great effect. In the main, the government and the media cited three factors for having turned the tide on the battlefield: the promulgation of a new joint counterinsurgency doctrine, the "surge" in troop numbers, and the

appointment of General David Petraeus as senior military commander. James Russell, however, contends that local security had already improved greatly in Anbar and Ninewah between 2005 and 2007 thanks to the innovative actions of brigade and company commanders—evidenced most notably in the turning of tribal leaders against Al Qaeda. In *Innovation, Transformation, and War*, he goes behind the headlines to reveal—through extensive field research and face-to-face interviews with military and civilian personnel of all ranks—how a group of Army and Marine Corps units successfully innovated in an unprecedented way: from the bottom up as well as from the top down. In the process they transformed themselves from organizations structured and trained for conventional military operations into ones with a unique array of capabilities for a full spectrum of combat operations. As well as telling an inspiring story, this book will be an invaluable reference for anyone tasked with driving innovation in any kind of complex organization.
