

1. Record Nr.	UNINA990000058560403321
Autore	Loyau, Achille
Titolo	Album de charpentes en bois : renfermant differents types de planchers, pans de boit, combles, echafaudages, pontsprovisoires etc. et le nouvel amphitheatre de l'Ecole centrale des arts et manufactures / par Achille Loyau
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Paris : J. Dejey etc.-J. Baudry, 1873
Descrizione fisica	120 tav. : ill. ; 35 cm
Disciplina	694
Locazione	FINBC
Collocazione	13 AR 2 A 15
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910955018103321
Autore	Park Hyun
Titolo	Expenditure Composition and Distortionary Tax for Equitable Economic Growth / / Hyun Park
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2006
ISBN	9786613825858 9781462331642 1462331645 9781452790503 1452790507 9781283513401 1283513404 9781451985061 1451985061
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (40 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Soggetti	Expenditures, Public - Econometric models Fiscal policy - Econometric models Taxation - Econometric models Aggregate Factor Income Distribution Expenditure Expenditures, Public Fiscal Policy Fiscal policy Income distribution Income inequality Income Macroeconomics National Government Expenditures and Related Policies: General Public finance & taxation Public Finance Revenue administration Revenue Taxation, Subsidies, and Revenue: General Denmark

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"June 2006."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	""Contents""; ""I. INTRODUCTION""; ""II. THE DECENTRALIZED COMPETITIVE EQUILIBRIUM""; ""III. RAMSEY OPTIMAL POLICY AND EQUILIBRIUM""; ""IV. EMPIRICAL OBSERVATIONS""; ""V. CONCLUDING REMARKS""
Sommario/riassunto	<p>This paper continues the study of optimal fiscal policy in a growing economy by exploring a case in which the government simultaneously provides three main categories of expenditures with distortionary tax finance: public production services, public consumption services, and state-contingent redistributive transfers. The paper shows that in a general equilibrium model with given exogenous fiscal policy, a nonlinear relation exists between the suboptimal longrun growth rate in a competitive economy and distortionary tax rates. When fiscal policy is endogenously chosen at a social optimum, the relation between the rate of growth and tax rates is always negative. These two conclusions suggest that the interaction between fiscal policy and growth may be complicated enough that it cannot be captured in a simple linear model using an aggregate measure of fiscal policy. The sources of nonlinearity include expectation and coordination of fiscal policy, impulse response of government policies, and the presence of positive externality due to government spending.</p>