

1. Record Nr.	UNICASMIL0648188
Titolo	The Ethiopic version of the Letter to the Hebrews / [a cura di] Tedros Abraha
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Città del Vaticano, : Biblioteca apostolica Vaticana, 2004
Titolo uniforme	Bibbia. Nuovo Testamento. Lettera agli Ebrei
ISBN	8821007642
Descrizione fisica	224 p. ; 26 cm.
Collana	Studi e testi ; 419
Disciplina	227.87
Soggetti	Bibbia. Nuovo Testamento. Epistola agli Ebrei - Traduzioni etiopiche
Lingua di pubblicazione	Etiopico Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910778690103321
Autore	Spalinger Anthony John
Titolo	The great dedicatory inscription of Ramesses II [[electronic resource]] : a Solar-Osirian Tractate at Abydos / / by Anthony Spalinger
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden ; ; Boston, : Brill, 2009
ISBN	1-282-39984-5 9786612399848 90-474-4257-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (140 p.)
Collana	Culture and history of the ancient Near East, , 1566-2055 ; ; v. 33
Disciplina	493/.1
Soggetti	Inscriptions, Hieroglyphic - Egypt - Abydos (Extinct city) Egypt Religion
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [121]) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Preliminary Material / A. Spalinger -- Chapter One. Introduction / A. Spalinger -- Chapter Two. The Text: Translation and detailed analysis / A. Spalinger -- Chapter Three. Religious and historical implications / A. Spalinger -- Selected bibliography / A. Spalinger -- Index / A. Spalinger.
Sommario/riassunto	This volume covers, for the first time, the interaction of a major historical event with the development of the Egyptian Solar-Osirian theology. Pharaoh Ramesses II visited the sacred area of Abydos soon after his recognition of power at Luxor in Thebes. With him were many high officials, one of whom would be soon appointed to be the high Priest of Amun at Thebes, Nebwenenef. During his visit, the king stressed his personal relationship with his father, Seti I as well as ordering the completion of his temple. By analyzing certain passages within Ramesses' official account, the Dedicatory Inscription, with others of Seti, a more nuanced appreciation of the growing theological system of Osirus plus Re, the sun god, comes to the fore. This significance of this is heightened when we remember that the king's account was exhibited in the portico of Seti I's temple. \Anthony Spalinger's new monograph discusses the Great Dedicatory Inscription and these processes anew by means of perspicuous, accurate,

translations of the surviving texts, enlivened by equally stimulating commentaries. These are accompanied likewise by meticulously researched footnotes, which have been marshaled with a diligence for which the author is rightly renowned...All of this is done here with exemplary skill and a fine eye for detail, and our libraries are far the richer for it.' A.J. Peden
